Name:	Date:
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CONVENTIONS > VERB TENSES

A **verb** expresses an action or a state of being. The **tense** of a verb shows when the action happens or the state exists. Always make sure your verb tenses show the time you mean. In English, there are six common verb tenses.

Present Tense	Action is happening now or happens regularly.	Paul washes the car.
Past Tense	Action has already happened.	Paul washed the car.
Future Tense	Action will happen later.	Paul will wash the car.
Present Perfect Tense	Action happened in the past and may still be happening now.	Paul <u>has washed</u> the car.
Past Perfect Tense	Action ended before another action in the past.	Paul <u>had washed</u> the car by the time the sun set.
Future Perfect Tense	Action will have ended before a specific time.	Paul <u>will have washed</u> the car by the time we are ready to leave.

DIRECTIONS: The verb in each sentence is underlined. Identify the tense of the verb by writing *present, past, future, present perfect, past perfect,* or *future perfect* on the line provided.

1	A crowd <u>has formed</u> outside the stadium.
2	Chessa sings in the school chorus and in the choir.
3	The geese <u>built</u> their nests in the same places as last year.
4	By the time I got back to the table, our meals <u>had arrived</u> .
5	The Pecos River <u>flows</u> through canyons and past meadows
6	Sam and his father will climb Emory Peak this summer.
7	By 9:00 A.M., Mrs. Peng will have started her yoga class.
8	The Bryants <u>have</u> already <u>chosen</u> a groomer for their dogs.

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	CCTIONS: Underline the verb in each sentence. Then, identify the tense present, past, future, present perfect, past perfect, or future perfect on	_	
1.	The gerbil has escaped again from its cage!		
2.	The hikers will have returned by sundown.		
3.	The craft of origami takes patience and focus.		
4.	By morning, the lake had frozen solid.		
5.	Ina and Paco will rehearse their parts for the first scene.		
6.	For days, rescuers searched in the rubble for survivors.		
The inf	information in parentheses tells you which verb and tense to use. 1. (future tense of <i>stop</i>) Ava at the café for a quick lunch.		
4.	(past perfect tense of <i>answer</i>) The teacher the same before.	ie question the day	
3.	(present perfect tense of <i>cover</i>) The snow the root already.	fs and lawns	
4.	(present tense of <i>bake</i>) Every weekend, Mr. Gondrella of bread and rolls.	an assortment	
5.	(future perfect tense of <i>visit</i>) By the end of the trip, we different cities and towns in Germany.	eight	
6.	(past tense of <i>roll</i>) Suddenly, a huge boulder downountain.	wn the side of the	